Effects of skin-expressed chemical receptors on body temperature acclimation

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Animals senses temperature information for acclimation and habituation to dynamically changing environmental temperature conditions. However, their molecular and cellular machinery has not been well known. In this analysis, nematode *Caenorhabditis elegans* was utilized to study molecular and cellular machinery of temperature tolerance. Through the analysis, chemical receptor expressing in cuticle was involved in temperature acclimation of the body.